PUBLIC ENTERPRISE FOR STATE ROADS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31 DECEMBER 2021

PUBLIC ENTERPRISE FOR STATE ROADS

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Archive No 0307/80 29.06.2022

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT
TO THE
MANAGEMENT OF THE
PUBLIC ENTERPRISE FOR STATE ROADS

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Public Enterprise for State Roads ("the Enterprise"), which comprise the Statement of Financial Position as at 31 December 2021, and the Statement of Comprehensive Income, Statement of changes in equity and Cash flow statement for the period then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management of the Enterprise for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the accounting standards which are accepted in the Republic of North Macedonia and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Audit Law and International Standards on Auditing which are accepted and published in the Official gazette of the Republic of North Macedonia (79/2010). Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting polices used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (Continued) TO THE MANAGEMENT OF THE PUBLIC ENTERPRISE FOR STATE ROADS

Basis for qualified opinion

As it is described in Note 3.8. to the financial statements, the Enterprise has systematically revalued its property and equipment, in the previous years, by applying official uniformed revaluation coefficient based on the manufacturer's price increase index. In our opinion, this method of revaluation, does not comply with IAS 16, which requires property and equipment to be measured at cost less for any accumulated depreciation or by up to date fair value estimated by professional and qualified valuers. Owing to the fact that the Enterprise did not prepared the required information for the PPE fair value according to IAS, we were not able to obtain reasonable assurance as to their valuation.

As it is presented in Note 20 to the financial statements, as at 31 December 2021, the Enterprise has capitalized foreign exchange losses, arising from payment in USD currency to one of the contractors of the projects in amount of 835,828 thousands of MKD as construction in progress and amount of 720,407 thousands of MKD as roads. This type of recording was carried out in accordance with the Report and the requirement of the State Audit Office. According to our opinion and the IAS accepted in Republic of North Macedonia (IAS 16; IAS 23 and IAS 21), there is no possibility for capitalization of foreign exchange differences arising from the settlement of liabilities in foreign currency into the cost of the assets. They should be recognized in the current profit or loss. According to the previous, the current profit is overstated for an amount of 55,197 thousands of MKD, as well as the cost of construction in progress and roads. Our report for the financial statements for the previous year was also qualified for the same reason for the amount of 119,798 thousands of MKD.

As it is presented in Note 20 to the financial statements, as at 31 December 2021, the Enterprise has construction in progress in municipality roads in amount of 4,227,687 thousands of MKD which are financed under IBRD and EBRD Loans for the Project for improvement of current regional and municipality roads. Municipality roads which are in jurisdiction of the municipalities should be transferred to them after its construction completion and technical acceptance i.e. financial transfer of these municipality roads should be done. These roads are still recorded in the financial evidence of the Enterprise. Because of the previous, we were not able to obtain reasonable assurance as to presented construction in progress.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (Continued)
TO THE
MANAGEMENT OF THE
PUBLIC ENTERPRISE FOR STATE ROADS

Qualified opinion

In our opinion, except for the effects described in the preceding paragraph "Basis for qualified opinion", if any, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Enterprise for state roads as of 31 December 2021, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accounting standards which are accepted in the Republic of North Macedonia.

Skopje, 29 June 2022

Certified Auditor

Kostadinka Kitanoska

Manager and Certified Auditor

Antonio Veljanov

	Notes	2021 (000) MKD	2020 (000) MKD
Revenues from allowances Other income	8 9	8,168,956 157,859 8,326,815	6,803,658 157,655 6,961,313
Costs from basic activities Depreciation	10	(1,423,065) (1,957,223)	(1,268,014) (2,066,045)
Employees costs Other costs Provisions OPERATING PROFIT	11 12	(273,705) (718,374) (66,532) 3,887,916	(244,090) (671,422) (57,285) 2,654,457
Financing income Financing expenses PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION	13 14	699,351 (3,106,233) 1,481,034	3,022,065 (884,968) 4,791,554
Income tax	22	(7,358)	(195,894)
NET PROFIT		1,473,676	4,595,660
Other comprehensive income		-	-
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		1,473,676	4,595,660
Skopje, 22.03.2022			ME 3A AP

	Notes	2021 (000) MKD	2020 (000) MKD
ASSETS			
Current assets	45	0.400.500	4 404 400
Cash and cash equivalents Loans given (Current part)	15 17	2,193,562 13,708	1,191,198 13,728
Income tax receivables and other current assets	17	204,188	164,559
Accrued income	19	55,122	7,015
Inventories	16	1,671	1,503
Total current assets	-	2,468,251	1,378,003
Non-Current assets			
Loans given	17	21,010	35,054
Advances for Property and Equipment	18	1,864,041	2,140,878
Intangible assets	21 20	1,159	8,763
Property and Equipment Total Non-current assets	20	110,640,017 112,526,227	104,350,139
Total Non-current assets		112,526,227	106,534,634
TOTAL ASSETS		114,994,478	107,912,837
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY Current liabilities			
Trade Payables	22	2,405,708	2,629,063
Current maturities of long term interest bearing		_,,	_,,
borrowings	25	4,754,425	3,498,368
Other liabilities	23	376,243	369,622
Provisions	28	209,063	193,956
Total Current liabilities		7,745,439	6,691,009
Non-Current liabilities			
Government grants (deferred income)	24	1,892,655	2,013,324
Long term interest bearing borrowings	25	43,973,023	39,298,819
Total Non-Current liabilities		45,865,678	41,312,143
Total liabilities		53,611,117	48,003,152
Equity			
State owned capital	26	5,000	5,000
Revaluation reserves		9,796,453	9,796,453
Accumulated profit (loss)		51,581,908	50,108,232
Total equity		61,383,361	59,909,685
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		114,994,478	107,912,837

	2021 (000) MKD	2020 (000) MKD
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Cash inflows from allowances Cash inflows from other operating activities Payments to suppliers for basic activities Paid wages Payments for other operating expenses Paid income tax Received interest	8,120,849 (2,606) (1,431,762) (273,705) (718,336) (7,358) 4,511	6,807,719 233,908 (1,278,239) (244,090) (671,318) (195,894) 17,743
Net cash flow from operating activities	5,691,593	4,669,829
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Loans given/collected to other entities Acquisition of intangible assets Acquisition of PPE Paid advances for PPE, net	14,064 (603) (8,529,166) 276,837	13,962 (754) (7,675,875) 492,251
Net cash flow from investing activities	(8,238,868)	(7,170,416)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Profit payouts Paid interest Received/Repaid long-term borrowings, net	(267,902) 3,817,541	(319,427) 1,977,441
Net cash flow from financing activities	3,549,639	1,658,014
Net increase (decrease) of cash and cash equivalents	1,002,364	(842,573)
Cash and cash equivalents at the begging of the year	1,191,198	2,033,771
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	2,193,562	1,191,198

	State owned capital (000) MKD	Revaluation reserve (000) MKD	Reinvested profit (000) MKD	Accumulated profit (loss) (000) MKD	Total equity (000) MKD
Balance as at 1 January 2020	5,000	9,796,453	2,499,258	43,013,314	55,314,025
Adjustments Balance as at 1 January 2020 - restated	5,000	9,796,453	2,499,258	43,013,314	55,314,025
Profit (loss) for the year Reinvested profit from previous year according to Board of Directors Decision and	-	-	-	4,595,660	4,595,660
Government of RM approval	-	-	2,885,001	(2,885,001)	-
Utilizied reinvested profit			(2,499,258)	2,499,258	
Balance as at 31 December 2020	5,000	9,796,453	2,885,001	47,223,231	59,909,685
Balance as at 1 January 2021 Reconciliation	5,000	9,796,453	2,885,001 -	47,223,231 -	59,909,685
Balance as at 1 January 2021	5,000	9,796,453	2,885,001	47,223,231	59,909,685
Profit (loss) for the year Reinvested profit from previous year	-	-	-	1,473,676	1,473,676
according to Board of Directors Decision and Government of RM approval	-	-	4,595,660	(4,595,660)	-
Utilizied reinvested profit	_	_	(2,885,001)	2,885,001	_
Balance as at 31 December 2021	5,000	9,796,453	4,595,660	46,986,248	61,383,361

1. Basic information and activity

The Public enterprise for state roads, previous Agency for state roads ("The Enterprise") was founded according to the Law on Public Enterprises and it is engaged in managing, maintenance, repairs, development and improvement of the state (national and regional) roads in the Republic of North Macedonia.

Specifically, the Enterprise is engaged in the following activities:

- management with the state roads;
- development, maintenance, follow-up and monitoring of state roads;
- investment activities relating to public roads;
- encumber with debts in domestic and foreign financial institutions for financing of its activities and
- other activities relating to the Law.

According to the Law on Public Roads, the financing of the Enterprise activities is provided with the following allowances:

- transfers from the State Budget (part of the oil derivates tax);
- allowances for motor vehicles utilization of public roads, which is collected by vehicles registration;
- allowances for utilization of national and regional roads (pay toll);
- allowances for advertising billboards, connecting of access roads to state roads, setting of installations on roads, construction and using of commercial premises on state roads, over usage of state roads, extraordinary transport, claims for damages on roads;
- borrowings and loans and
- other allowances according to the Law;

Total number of employees of the Enterprise as at 31 December 2021 is 483 employees (2020: 481 employees).

The Enterprise head office is at St. Dame Gruev No.14 in Skopje.

2. Basis of preparation of the financial statements

2.1. Basis of preparation

The financial statements set on pages 4 to 32 are prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standard (IFRS) which were published in the Official gazette of the Republic of North Macedonia No.159/2009 and became effective from 1 January 2010.

The financial statements were prepared for the period ending 31 December 2021 and 2020. The figures for the current and the previous period are shown in thousands of Macedonian denars (000 MKD). Where appropriate, comparative figures have been adjusted and harmonized, in order to match the current year presentation.

2.2. Basic accounting methods

The financial statements are prepared based on the principal of cost.

2.3. Accounting estimates and judgements

The Enterprise is applying certain accounting estimates and judgments during the process of preparation of the financial statements. Certain items in the financial statements, which can not to be accurately measured, are estimated. The estimation process includes judgments based on the latest available information.

Estimates are used in determining the useful life's of assets, fair value of receivables or their uncollectibility, inventory obsolesce, fair value of investments available for sale etc.

During the periods, certain estimates can be revised if there are changes in the circumstances on which the estimation was based or as a result of new information, grater experience and subsequent events.

The effects of the changes in the accounting estimates are included in the net profit or loss for the period as well as in the future periods on which the change takes effect or the both.

2. Basis of preparation of the financial statements

2.4 Significant events

Global pandemic declared by WHO in March 2020, caused by new corona virus (Covid-19) continued during the 2021 period. Implemented measures by the Government as a response to the outbrake, significantly have had an effect on the economic activities.

The Management implemented measures for tracking and diminishing the effects of Covid 19, including measures for the safety and health protection of employees and considers that it has an impact on the Enterprise's operations and results but not on liquidity. To alleviate the possessions of the pandemic, the Government adopted a Decision amending the Decision on determining the amount of funds from the excise tax on oil derivatives, which increases the percentage that the Ministry of Finance transfers to the Enterprise from 20% to 30%.

In 2021, the Enterprise had 68% profit decrease compared to the year before mostly due to increase of financing expenses (Loss on exchange) by 251% compared to the previous year. Revenues from allowances increased by 20% compared to the previous year due to the increased Revenue from highway utilization pay-toll (increased by 37% compared to the previous year). At the same time, total assets increased by 7% and the Enterprise records positive liquidity ratios (Note 6.4).

2.4. Going concern concept

The financial statements are prepared based on the going concern concept which means that the Enterprise will continue to operate in the future on a continuing basis. Given that the Enterprise was established to perform an activity of public interest, the Enterprise has neither intention nor need to liquidate or restrict significantly the scope of its operations.

Due to the significant event and considering the analyze of the impact of Covid 19 pandemic, described in the note 2.4, the Management believes that there is no material uncertainty which will jeopardize the continuity of the Enterprise's operations.

3. Basic accounting policies and estimates

3.1. Recognition of revenues

Revenues are recognized when there is a probability for future inflows for the Enterprise and when it can be measured reliably. Enterprise's revenues are benefits received during the period which are provided in the normal course of business and result in equity increase.

The Enterprise revenues arise from the allowances according to the Law on Public Roads, mentioned in Note 1.

Interest income is recognized on a time basis, by reference of the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable.

3.2. Recognition of expenses

Expenses are recognized when there is a probability for future outflows, connected with decrease of certain asset or increase of liability for the Enterprise and when it can be measured reliably. Expenses are recognized on the basis of matching concept meaning connection between the realized expenses and earning of revenues.

3.3. Foreign currencies

The Enterprise is keeping records and preparing financial statements in Macedonian denars (MKD). Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the exchange rate ruling at the date of the transaction. All assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated and shown in the financial statements at exchange rate ruling at the end of the year.

Foreign exchange gains and losses arising from translation of foreign currency assets and liabilities during the year are included in the income statement as financing income or expenses.

Most of the Enterprise's transactions are in EUR and USD. The exchange rates ruling at 31 December in 2021 and 2020 for EUR and USD are as it follows:

In MKD	1 EUR	1 USD
31 December 2020	61.6270 МКД	54.3736 МКД
31 December 2019	61.6940 МКД	50.2353 МКД

3.4. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are carried out in the balance sheet at cost. For the purposes of these financial statements, cash and cash equivalents are comprised of cash in hand, cash in banks denar and foreign currency accounts, demand deposits and time deposits with maturity up to three months.

3.5. Receivables for advances

Receivables for advances are carried out at their nominal value, less for provision for bad and doubtful receivables and are consist of advances to contractors for day-to-day and investment maintenance.

3.6. Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost includes all costs to bring the inventories to their present condition and location.

Net realisable value is selling price less cost to complete the inventory and sell it.

3.7. Advances for property and equipment

Advances for property and equipment are comprised of payments in advance to suppliers for fixed assets (construction companies) and are stated at their nominal value, less impairment losses.

3.8. Property and equipment

(1) Basic presentation

Initially, property and equipment are carried out at cost. Cost includes invoiced value and all other costs to bring the fixed assets to their present condition and location.

Subsequently, until 2012, property and equipment were revalue at each year-end using uniformed prescribed revaluation coefficient based on the manufacturer's price increase index which is applied to historical cost or later revaluations and to the accumulated depreciation and which is published by the State statistics office. Starting form 01.01.2013 this type of revaluation is no longer calculated.

The effects of revaluation of property and equipment are credited to revaluation reserves. The depreciation is charged on the previous year's re-valued property and equipment figures commencing with the following year.

3.8. Property and equipment (Continued)

(2) Depreciation

Depreciation is charged on a straight-line basis at prescribed rates to allocate the revalue cost of the property and equipment over their estimated useful lives. Depreciation is not charge to the property and equipment in progress until they are put in to use.

The basic depreciation annual rates used in 2021 compare to 2020 are as follows:

Asset	2021	2020
Property	1 %	1 %
National Roads (motorways)	7 %	7 %
Regional Roads	3 %	3 %
Computer equipment	20 %	20 %
Other equipment	12 %	12 %
Motor vehicles	15 %	15 %

3.9. Trade payables

Trade payables are stated at their nominal value (cost).

Trade payables are written off by crediting other revenues, after the expiration of the legal maturity period or by off-court agreement between parties.

3.10. Borrowings

Borrowings represent short-term and long-term interest bearing borrowings stated at their nominal value. The amounts of the interest agreed are shown as financing expenses in the income statement and as short-term financial liabilities in the balance sheet.

Foreign interest bearing borrowings are stated at the exchange rate at 31st December, and losses or gains of exchange are stated as financial revenues or expenses.

Details of the movements on long-term interest bearing borrowings are set-out in note 25 to the financial statements.

3.11. State-owned capital

The state-owned capital as at 31 December 2012 represents the state capital of the Enterprise in amount of 38,926,796 thousands of MKD.

Changes in the state-owned capital till 31 December 2012 comprise of revaluation reserves from revaluation of the property, plant and equipment, realized profits and losses, revaluation adjustments and other corrections.

As at 01.01.2013 the former Agency for state roads has been transformed into Public Enterprise for State Roads with basic capital in amount of 5,000 thousands of MKD in cash. Based on this, adjustment in the amount of basic capital has been made.

Owner of the Enterprise is the Government of the Republic of North Macedonia. The assets for the basic capital arise from the cash on the bank accounts of the Agency for state roads which were balance on the opening date of the Enterprise account.

3.12. Provisions

Provisions (uncertain liabilities) are recognized when the Enterprise has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, when it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. When some or all of the expenditure required to settle a provision is expected to be reimbursed by another party, for example through insurance agreements, the reimbursement is recognized as an asset when, and only when, it is virtually certain that the reimbursement will be received. The expense relating to a provision is presented in the income statement net of the amount recognized for a reimbursement. Where the effect of the time value of money is material, the amount of a provision shall be the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation using pre-tax rates that reflects current market assessments.

3.13. Contingencies

Contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Enterprise. Contingent liability is not recognized in the financial statements, only are disclosed.

Contingent asset is a possible asset that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Enterprise. Contingent asset are recognized only when the realization of income is virtually certain.

3.14. Government grants (deferred income)

Government grants are recognized when there is reasonable assurance that the grants will be received and the entity will comply with the grant conditions. Government grants related to assets are presented it the balance sheet at the nominal value and are recognized in the income statement over the life of a depreciable asset.

3.15. Income tax (current and deferred)

Income tax for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax is presented in the income statement of the Enterprise.

Current tax is calculated and paid in accordance with Macedonian law on income tax. According to tax legislation, the current income tax is calculate at 10% rate to financial result before taxation presented in the income statement, adjusted for non-deductible expenses and less recognized revenues from related parties (2020: 10%).

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying values for financial reporting purposes. The tax rates that are currently valid are used in determination of deferred income tax.

4. Risk management

The Enterprise is engaged in different kind of business transactions which derive from its daily activities and which are connected with the customers, suppliers and creditors. The main financial risks to which the Enterprise is exposed during its business and the policies for their management are the following:

4.1. Market risk

Foreign exchange risk

The Enterprise does enter in transactions denominated in foreign currencies, which arise from borrowings in foreign currencies and therefore the Enterprise is exposed to foreign currency risk. The Enterprise has no special policy to avoid this kind of risk as there are no financial instruments in Republic of North Macedonia. According to this, the Enterprise is exposed to possible foreign currencies rates fluctuations, whose effect is reported below.

4.2. Interest rate risk

The Enterprise is exposed to risk of interest rate fluctuation, which relates to the loans, borrowings or bank deposits concluded with variable interest rates. The Enterprise is exposed to this kind of risk through used these kinds of borrowings and loans which depends on movements on financial markets and the Enterprise does not hedge against it.

4.3. Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk includes the risk of being unable to fund its liabilities at appropriate maturities with its cash. This kind of risk is managed by maintaining sufficient cash for regular funding of its committed credit facilities.

4.4. Taxation risk

According to local legislation, the tax authorities may at any time inspect the books and records subsequent to the reported tax year, and may impose additional tax assessments. Up to the date of the Auditors report, inspection for income tax, personnel income tax and contributions on allowances for period 2021 is not yet executed and therefore additional taxes or contributions cannot be assessed reliably.

5. Fair value estimation

The Enterprise has financial assets and liabilities, as well as non-financial assets, for which large number of accounting policies and disclosures require establishing of their fair value.

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities generally approximate their carrying amount as most of them have maturity up to one year of the balance sheet date, except for the long-term borrowings, but these liabilities have variable interest rates and therefore it can be considered that their fair value generally approximate their carrying amount.

6. Financial instruments

6.1. Capital risk management

The Enterprise uses long-term loans to finance its operations, in order to provide adequate return of investments. The Enterprise reviews its leverage on a regular basis which as at 31 December 2021 and 2020 is as it follows:

In (000) MKD	2021	2020
Debt	48,727,448	42,797,187
Cash and cash equivalents	(2,193,562)	(1,191,198)
Net debt (cash)	46,533,886	41,605,989
Total equity	61,383,361	59,909,685
% of debt	76%	69%

6.2. Foreign currency risk

The Enterprise does enter into transactions in foreign currencies, by using loans in foreign currencies and therefore the Enterprise is exposed to foreign currency risk.

The carrying amount of the financial assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies as at 31 December 2021 and 2020 is as follows:

	Assets		Liabi	lities
In (000) MKD	2021	2020	2021	2020
EUR	1,333,368	720,738	16,982,958	15,210,661
USD	921	748	27,777,758	26,326,527
other	3,128	2,644	0	-
	1,337,417	724,130	44,760,716	41,537,188

The Enterprise generally is exposed to EUR and USD. Exposure to foreign currencies at financial liabilities includes loan liabilities from banks with FX clause which repayment in MKD currency depends from the movement of the official exchange rates.

6. Financial instruments (Continued)

6.2. Foreign currency risk (Continued)

The sensitivity analysis below has been determined based on the 10% increase or decrease of the Macedonian Denar (MKD) related to the foreign currencies. The analysis has been done based on the carrying amounts of the assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency at the balance sheet date. A positive number below indicates an increase in profit and equity and negative number below indicates a decrease.

	+ 10%		- 10	0%
In (000) MKD	2021	2020	2021	2020
EUR	(1,564,959)	(1,448,992)	1,564,959	1,448,992
USD	(2,777,684)	(2,632,578)	2,777,684	2,632,578
other	313	264	(313)	(264)
Net effect	(4,342,330)	(4,081,306)	4,342,330	4,081,306

6.3. Interest rate risk

The Enterprise is exposed to interest risk arising from deposits and borrowings from banks and other entities, with a variable interest rate clause.

The carrying amount of the financial assets and liabilities according to their exposure to interest risk at the end of the year is as follows:

In (000) MKD	31 December2021_	2020
Financial assets		
Non-interest bearing:	0.004	0.000
- Cash and cash equivalents	9,394	3,290
- Other assets	40,448	33,959
	49,842	37,249
Variable interest bearing :		
- Given loans	34,718	48,782
- Cash and cash equivalents	2,184,168_	1,187,908
	2,218,886	1,236,690
	2,268,728	1,273,939
Financial liabilities		
Non-interest bearing:		
- Trade payables	2,405,708	2,629,063
- Other current liabilities	316,442	311,475
- Borrowings	3,606,275	1,259,999
G	4,200,537	4,200,537
Variable interest bearing:	, ,	, ,
- Borrowings	17,343,415	15,210,661
-	17,343,415	15,210,661
Fixed interest bearing:	, ,	, ,
- Borrowings	27,777,758	26,326,527
G	27,777,758	26,326,527
	51,449,598	45,737,725
		-10,101,120

6. Financial instruments (Continued)

6.3. Interest rate risk (Continued)

The sensitivity analysis below has been determined based on the exposure to interest rates as a result of a 1% points increase or decrease for the bank deposits and borrowings at the balance sheet date. A positive number below indicates an increase in profit and equity and negative number below indicates a decrease.

	plus 1% points		less 1% points	
In (000) MKD	2021	2020	2021	2020
Borrowings Bank deposits	(173,434) 347	(152,107) 488	173,434 (347)	152,107 (488)
Net effect	(173,087)	(151,619)	173,087	151,619

6.4. Liquidity risk

The following table details the Enterprise's remaining contractual maturity for its financial assets and liabilities as at 31 December 2021:

In (000) MKD	Less than 1 month	1 to 3 month	3 to 12 month	Over 12 months	Total
Cash	2,193,562	-	_	-	2,193,562
Given loans	_	-	13,708	21,010	34,718
Other receivables	40,448	-	_	-	40,448
	2,234,010		13,708	21,010	2,268,728
Trade payables	2,405,708	_	_	-	2,405,708
Borrowings	1,126,137	742,069	2,886,219	43,973,023	48,727,448
Other payables	316,442	_	-	· -	316,442
	3,848,287	742,069	2,886,219	43,973,023	51,449,598

6. Financial instruments (Continued)

6.4. Liquidity risk

The following table details the Enterprise's remaining contractual maturity for its financial assets and liabilities as at 31 December 2020:

In (000) MKD	Less than 1 month	1 to 3 month	3 to 12 month	Over 12 months	Total
Cash	1,191,198	-	-	-	1,191,198
Given loans	-	-	13,728	35,054	48,782
Other receivables	33,959	-	_	-	33,959
	1,225,157		13,728	35,054	1,273,939
Trade payables	2,629,063	-	_	_	2,629,063
Borrowings	858,312	515,928	2,124,128	39,298,819	42,797,187
Other payables	311,475	-	_	-	311,475
	3,798,850	515,928	2,124,128	39,298,819	45,737,725

7. Segment reporting

The Enterprise does not have any segment reporting as it has no obligation for such reporting neither is divided in separate business or geographical segments.

8. REVENUES FROM ALLOWANCES

The revenues from allowances realized according to their types, is as follows:

	2021 (000) MKD	2020 (000) MKD
Revenue from petrol price (State Budget transfers)	3,564,333	3,078,415
Revenue from highway utilization pay-toll	2,844,804	2,080,883
Revenue from motor vehicles registration	1,759,819	1,644,360
Total revenues from allowances	8,168,956	6,803,658

9. OTHER OPERATING INCOME

The other operating income realized according to types, is as follows:

	2021 (000) MKD	2020 (000) MKD
Income from compensations by other entities Income from free of charge assets (Note 20 and 24) Income from releasing of provisions (Note 28) Other income	28,760 120,669 167 8,263	33,826 120,925 509 2,395
Total other operating income	157,859	157,655

10. COST FOR BASIC ACTIVITIES

The cost for basic activities realized according to their types, is as follows:

	2021 (000) MKD	2020 (000) MKD
Expenses for road reconstruction and maintenance Transfer of allowances to local communities	1,124,857 298,208	968,014 300,000
Total cost for basic activities	1,423,065	1,268,014

11. EMPLOYEES EXPENSES

The costs for employees realized according to their types, are as follows:

	2021 (000) MKD	2020 (000) MKD
Employees wages	243,421	214,605
Severance payments and bonuses	10,798	10,063
Business travel allowances	542	387
Expenses for transport	18,944	19,035
Total	273,705	244,090

12. OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES

The other operating expenses realized according to their types, are as follows:

	2021 (000) MKD	2020 (000) MKD
Expenses for monitoring	167,057	148,654
Bank fees	29,088	22,965
Public utility services expenses	112,283	94,892
Expenses for motor vehicles association fees	77,826	72,902
Other services	98,027	80,045
Maintenance and repairing expenses	89,647	80,221
Material costs	9,622	20,667
Insurance costs	790	629
Representation	1,551	1,017
Lawyers fee	511	137,171
Expenses for court litigations	117,968	-
Other operating expenses	14,004_	12,259
Total other operating expenses	718,374	671,422

13. FINANCING INCOME

The financing income realized according to their types, are as follows:

	2021 (000) MKD	2020 (000) MKD
Interest income	4,511	17,743
Gains on exchange	694,840	3,004,322
Total financing income	699,351	3,022,065

14. FINANCING EXPENSES

The financing expenses realized according to their types, are as follows:

	2021 (000) MKD	2020 (000) MKD
Interest expenses from borrowings	231,189	259,048
Penal interest	52,031	31,520
Loss on exchanges	2,823,013	594,400
Total financing expenses	3,106,233	884,968
The interest expenses according to the creditors, are as follows:	2021 (000) MKD	2020 (000) MKD
IBRD - The World Bank	-	527
EBRD - local and regional roads	2,843	2,668
The Export-Import Bank of China	196,130	210,096
EBRD - electronic toll sistem	540	1,099
EIB II	28,317	37,413
IBRD - The World Bank	3,359	7,245
Total interest expenses	231,189	259.048

15. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The cash and cash equivalents as at 31 December consist of the following:

	2021 (000) MKD	2020 (000) MKD
Denar accounts at domestic banks	881,781	512,885
Cash in hand	2,675	2,965
Foreign currency accounts at domestic banks	42,096	49,313
Letters of credit	-	-
Cash in hand - foreign currency	312	325
Allocated funds	6,407	-
Foreign exchange accounts	1,260,291	625,710
Total cash and cash equivalents	2,193,562	1,191,198
Foreign exchange accounts as at 31 December 2021 are	e comprised of withdrav	vn but still not

Foreign exchange accounts as at 31 December 2021 are comprised of withdrawn but still not used cash from foreign creditors and are as follows:

Account (SA) for IBRD Loans	224,185	185,704
Account (SA) for EBRD Loans	1,036,106	440,006
Total	1,260,291	625,710

16. INVENTORIES

Inventories as at 31 December consist of the following:

	2021 (000) MKD	2020 (000) MKD
Materials	1,671	1,503
Total inventories	1,671	1,503

17. GRANTED LOANS

Loans given to others as at 31 December consist of the following:

Loans to:	2021 (000) MKD	2020 (000) MKD
JP Macedonian Railways	12,844	18,047
Customs office of the RM	21,874	30,735
	34,718	48,782
Current portion of long term loans	(13,708)	(13,728)
Total loans given	21,010	35,054

Loans given in amount of 34,718 thousands of MKD (2020: 48,910 thousands of MKD) comprise of disbursed fund by the Enterprise from the loan IBRD 4859 MK and at the same time placed to JP Macedonian Railways and Customs Office according to the loan agreement articles.

18. ADVANCES FOR PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

	2021	2020
Advances given to:	(000) MKD	(000) MKD
Sinohidro Podruznica Skopje	816,114	1,166,048
Konstrukciones Rubau Spain	276,735	276,735
GD Granit AD Skopje	292,403	431,060
Aselsan	68,437	6,342
Strabak AG podruznica Skopje	196,650	137,828
Gradezen institut	50,739	-
Alpine Podruznica Skopje	30,181	30,181
Pelagonija AD Gostivar	-	38,016
Elektrosoft Skopje	9,047	9,047
DG Beton AD Skopje	-	30,191
VE-Grupa	-	10,121
Kompanija Eskavatori DOO	-	5,309
llinden Struga	123,735	
Total advances for property and equipment	1,864,041	2,140,878

19. INCOME TAX RECEIVABLES AND OTHER CURRENT ASSETS

	202 I	2020
	(000) MKD	(000) MKD
Income tax receivables	163,890	130,750
Other current assets	40,298	33,809
Income tax receivables and other current assets	204,188	164,559

20. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Changes of property and equipment during 2021 are as follows:

				Construction	
	Buildings (000) MKD	Roads (000) MKD	Equipment (000) MKD	in progress (000) MKD	Total (000) MKD
Cost or revaluation					
Balance as at 1 January	18,654	124,662,026	261,552	40,869,149	165,811,381
Additions	-	2,164,368	6,810	6,117,838	8,289,016
Transfer from P/E in progress Capitalized exchange rate	-	-	21,829	(21,829)	-
differences	-	-	-	-	-
Reclassifying	-	-	-	-	-
Corrections (Note 24) Released provision for court	-	-	-	-	-
litigations (Note 28.b)	-	-	-	(49,916)	(49,916)
Write-off and other deduction	s <u>-</u>	(204)	(9,112)		(9,316)
Balance as at 31 December	18,654	126,826,190	281,079	46,915,242	174,041,165
Accumulated depreciation					
Balance as at 1 January	9,310	61,239,438	212,494	-	61,461,242
Depreciation	185	1,937,226	11,605	-	1,949,016
Disposal of fixed assets	-	-	-	-	-
Write-off and other deduction	s <u>-</u>	(204)	(8,906)	<u> </u>	(9,110)
Balance as at 31 December	9,495	63,176,460	215,193		63,401,148
Carrying amount as at:					
31.December 2021	9,159	63,649,730	65,886	46,915,242	110,640,017
31.December 2020	9,344	63,422,588	49,058	40,869,149	104,350,139

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Construction in progress as at 31 December 2021 in total amount of 46,915,242 thousands of MKD (2020: 40,869,149 thousands of MKD) are comprised of investments in building up to national, regional and local roads.

During 2007, the Agency has made accounting activation of investments in construction, reconstruction and upgrading of several roads in total amount of 682,141 thousands of MKD, which arise from realized projects in the previous years for construction of national and regional roads by the Ministry of transportation with transfers from the State Budget (Telekom assets).

During 2019, the Agency has made accounting activation of investments in construction of sections of Coridor 10 in total amount of 1,445,016 thousands of MKD, which arise from realized projects for construction of Coridor 10 by the Ministry of transportation with transfers from the Operational Program for Regional Development (Note 24). In 2020, the value of this asset was adjusted for the amount of 43,770 thousands of MKD, which is financed by the Company.

21. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Changes during 2021:

	Licenses (000) MKD	Software (000) MKD	Total (000) MKD
Cost	4.624	42 022	4E 466
Balance as at 1 January Additions	1,634 -	43,832 603	45,466 603
Balance as at 31 December	1,634	44,435	46,069
Accumulated amortization			
Balance as at 1 January	1,634	35,069	36,703
Amortization		8,207	8,207
Balance as at 31 December	1,634	43,276	44,910
Carrying amount as at:			
31.December 2021	-	1,159	1,159
31.December 2020	-	8,763	8,763

22. TRADE PAYABLES

Trade payables as at 31 December consist of the following:

	2021 (000) MKD	2020 (000) MKD
Domestic payables for property, equipment and expenses Domestic payables for retained deposits	633,661 1,772,047	825,949 1,803,114
Total liabilities to suppliers	2,405,708	2,629,063

Domestic payables in amount of 633,661 thousands of MKD (2020: 825,949 thousands of MKD) mostly include obligations related to unpaid interim statements towards contractors.

Domestic payables for retained deposits to construction companies in amount of 1,772,047 thousands of MKD (2020: 1,803,114 thousands of MKD) arise from interim payment statement for building of roads and represent deposits to contractors as a security for quality performance, which are release at the end of the projects by adequate confirmation.

23. OTHER SHORT-TERM LIABILITIES

The other short-term liabilities as at 31 December consist of the following:

	2021	2020
	(000) MKD	(000) MKD
Interest liabilities	304,206	288,888
Liabilities for vehicles registration (refund)	10,628	13,670
Liabilities for concessions	1,498	5,257
Liabilities for expropriation of land	59,801	58,147
Other liabilities	110	3,660
Total other current liabilities	376,243	369,622

Income tax is calculated on financial result presented in the income statement, adjusted for non-deductible expenses and redused by the amount of the reinvested profit in accordance with the tax regualtions, by applying a tax rate of 10% (2020: 10%).

24. GOVERNMENT GRANTS (DEFERRED INCOME)

Government grants as at 31 December consist of following:

	2021 (000) MKD	2020 (000) MKD
Balance as at 1 January	2,013,324	2,173,650
Received grants during the period	-	4,369
Corections	-	(43,770)
Released to the income statement	(120,669)	(120,925)
Balance as at 31 December	1,892,655	2,013,324

The government grants arise from accounting activation of investments in construction, reconstruction and upgrading of several roads realized by the Ministry of transportation with transfers from the State Budget (Telekom assets) in amount of 558,909 thousands of MKD. This deferred income is amortized as income over the life of the depreciable assets commencing from date of their activation and put into use (01.01.2008). The annual amount of deferred income is in amount of 22,852 thousands of MKD.

Grant from EIB is grant for technical assistance for the implementation of Project for construction of Corridor 10 (Demir Kapija - Smokvica road). These assets are aimed for consulting services to SAFEGE (Consulting Engineers Belgium) for implementation of project for construction of Corridor 10 (Demir Kapija - Smokvica road) in amount of 171,077 thousands of MKD (2020: 171,077 thousands of MKD). These deferred income should be amortized commencing from the date of road activation.

The government grants arise from accounting activation of investments in construction of sections of Coridor 10 realized by the Ministry of transportation with transfers from the Operational Program for Regional Development in amount of 1,162,670 thousands of MKD. This deferred income is amortized as income over the life of the depreciable assets commencing from date of their activation and put into use (01.08.2019). In 2020, the value of this asset was adjusted for the amount of 43,770 thousands of MKD, which is financed by the Company. The annual amount of deferred income is in amount of 98,087 thousands of MKD.

25. LONG-TERM INTEREST BEARING BORROWINGS

a) Type analysis

Bank or creditor	Currency	Principal outstanding 31.12.2021 in currency	Exchange rate 31.12.2021 MKD	Interest rate %	terms and period of repayment	Principal outstanding 31.12.2021 MKD (000)	Principal outstanding 31.12.2020 MKD (000)
					36 semiannually installments		
EIB II	EUR	8,761,328	61.6270	3.62 % p/y	15/11/2006 - 15/05/2024	539,934	756,730
					24 semiannually installments		
IBRD 4859 MK	EUR	3,051,202	61.6270	Libor	15/12/2012 - 15/06/2024	188,036	263,537
					30 semiannually installments		
IBRD 7532 MK	EUR	31,143,994	61.6270	Libor	15/09/2013 - 15/03/2028	1,919,311	2,216,346
					22 semiannually installments		
EBRD	EUR	8,156,880	61.6270	Libor +1	05/12/2012 - 05/06/2023	502,684	838,718
The Export-Import Bank					60 months grace period and 180 months		
of China (Miladinovci - Stip)	USD	178,083,027	54.3736	2 % p/y	repayment period	9,683,015	9,661,739
The Export-Import Bank					60 months grace period and 180 months		
of China (Kicevo - Ohrid)	USD	332,785,442	54.3736	2 % p/y	repayment period	18,094,742	16,664,788
					32 semiannually installments		
IBRD 8420 MK	EUR	45,989,094	61.6270	Libor	15/10/2020 - 15/10/2036	2,834,170	3,020,219
					22 semiannually installments		
EBRD 41981 - Project corridor X	EUR	8,964,003	61.6270	Libor +1	20.10.2015-20.04.2026	552,425	675,920
					48 months grace period and 132 months		
EBRD 47955 - National roads					repayment period		
Program	EUR	75,635,330	61.6270	Libor +1	20.02.2019 - 20.08.2029	4,661,178	3,425,178
					35 months grace period from 31.12.2020		
					and 40 semi anual repayment period		
IBRD 8525 MK	EUR	32,347,299	61.6270	Libor	15.11.2023-15.05.2043	1,993,467	1,761,269
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			23 semiannually installments	,,	, . ,
EBRD 47829	EUR	57,146,470	61.6270	Libor +1	20/03/2020 - 20/03/2031	3,521,766	2,030,645
					24 semiannually installments		
EBRD 49118	EUR	5,100,000	61.6270	Libor +1	15/04/2022-15/10/2033	314,298	222,098
					grace period up to 01.01.2022 and 84		
Ministry od finance RNM	MKD	3,606,275	1	-	monthly installments	3,606,275	1,259,999
					24 semiannually installments		
EBRD 50769	EUR	5,130,000	61.6270	Libor +1	10/06/2023-10/12/2034	316,147	-
Total foreign currency borrowi	ngs					48,727,448	42,797,187
Minus: Current portion of long-ter	rm foreign cui	rrency borrowings				(4,754,425)	(3,498,368)
Total net foreign currency borr	owings	-				43,973,023	39,298,819
Total long - term interest beari	ng borrowin	gs				43,973,023	39,298,819

25. LONG-TERM INTEREST BEARING BORROWINGS (Continued)

b) Changes during the year	2021 MKD (000)	2020 MKD (000)
Balance as at 1 January New borrowings Repayment of principal of foreign borrowings Losses (Gains) on exchange, net Unused funds - repayment Balance as at 31 December	42,797,187 7,486,951 (3,669,409) 2,112,720	43,180,676 5,494,254 (3,439,470) (2,360,930) (77,343) 42,797,187
c) Maturity of borrowings	2021 MKD (000)	2020 MKD (000)
In period of 1 year In period of 1 to 3 years Over 3 years Total	4,754,425 9,480,210 34,492,813 48,727,448	3,498,368 7,188,992 32,109,827 42,797,187

26. EQUITY

As at 31 December 2021, the total equity of the Enterprise is in amount of 5,000 thousands of MKD and it is consist of cash share. Owner of the Enterprise is the Government of the Republic of North Macedonia. The assets for the basic capital arise from the cash on the bank accounts of the Agency for state roads which were balance on the opening date of the Enterprise account. The capital is registered in the Central Registry of the Republic of North Macedonia.

27. COMMITMENTS FROM LOAN AGREEMENTS

According to the concluded loan agreements with IBRD and EBRD, the Company is obliged to adhere to certain financial covenants during the whole period of Project realization, such as:

a) debt service coverage ratio - not less than 1.0

Debt service coverage ratio Means the ratio of (i) net Cash Flows Arising From Operating Activities for the 12 months preceding the date of calculation plus all interest charged on accrual basis during such period, minus those Cash Flows Arising From Operating Activities for such period which are applied during that period to acquiring long-term assets except to the extent financed by the Guarantor, to (ii) the sum of the principal repayment and all interest charged on an accruals basis on all Financial Debt during such period.

27. COMMITMENTS FROM LOAN AGREEMENTS (Continued)

	2021	2020
Net Cash Flows Arising From Operating Activities	5,691,593	4,669,829
Plus all interest charged on accrual basis	231,189	259,048
Minus Cash Flows Arising From Operating Activities for such period		
which are applied during that period to acquiring long-term assets	(8,252,932)	(7,184,378)
Plus Cash Flows Arising From Operating Activities for such period		
which are applied during that period to acquiring long-term assets		
financed by the Guarantor	7,486,951	5,494,254
Total	5,156,801	3,238,753
Sum of the principal repayment during such period	3,669,409	3,439,470
Sum of all interest charged on an accruals basis on all Financial		
Debt during such period	231,189	259,048
Total	3,900,598	3,698,518
Debt service coverage ratio (DSCR)	1.3	0.9

b) Estimated net revenues / estimated debt service ratio - not less than 1.2

Estimated net revenues / estimated debt service ratio means the ratio of (i) net revenues as a difference between revenues from all sources related to operations plus non-operating income and all expenses related to operations, excluding depreciation, non cash operating charges and interest on debt to (ii) the aggregate amounts of repayments of, and interest and other charges, on debt.

	2021	2020
Revenues from all sources	8,168,956	6,803,658
Plus non-operating income	157,859	157,655
Minus all expenses related to operations, excluding depreciation,		
non cash operating charges and interest	(2,415,144)	(2,183,526)
Total	5,911,671	4,777,787
Sum of the principal repayment during such period	3,669,409	3,439,470
Sum of all interest charged on an accruals basis on all Financial		
Debt during such period	231,189	259,048
Total	3,900,598	3,698,518
Estimated net revenues / estimated debt service ratio	1.5	1.3

c) current ratio - not less than 1

Current ratio means the ratio of (i) current assets including estimated net revenues for the next year to (ii) the current liabilities.

	2021	2020
Current assets	2,468,251	1,378,003
Estimated net revenues for next year	6,543,700	7,012,000
Total	9,011,951	8,390,003
Current liabilities	7,745,439	6,691,009
Current ratio	1.2	1.3

28. CONTINGENCIES AND PROVISIONS

The contingencies are recorded and shown in the financial statements only if a probability for future outflows of funds that include economic benefits and a possibility for reasonable estimate of the amount exist. Provisions are liabilities with uncertain time and amount. Provisions are recognized as liabilities, while contingencies are only disclosed.

a) Court procedures (contingencies)

The Enterprise is involved in routine legal proceedings with its clients. The list of court procedures against the Enterprise are as follows:

Basis:	2021 (000) MKD	2020 (000) MKD
Debts	57,547	49,915
Expropriation of land	31,929	32,008
Claims for damages	291,282	164,009
Arbitration dispute	281,864	281,864
Other	1,915	1,522
Total	664,537	529,318

Above mentioned amounts do not include interest.

The arbitration dispute before the International Court of Arbitration in Paris was initiated after Rubau's lawsuit against the Public Enterprise for State Roads, and claims the amount of 281,863 thousand MKD and 131,602 thousand MKD arbitration costs.

At the same time, the Public Enterprise for State Roads has submitted a counter-lawsuit and claims the amount of 748,412 thousand MKD and 212,919 thousand MKD. The procedure is in the predecision stage.

With the decision made by the International Court of Arbitration in Paris in December 2021, the PE for State Roads does not have an obligation of payments towards Rubau. On the contrary, Rubau is obliged to a payment to the PE for State Roads amounting to a total of 4,485,167.83 EUR including a penalty interest- this amount represents an already fulfilled advance payment made by the PE of State Roads (note 18). Additionally, in March 2022, a decision was made by the International Court of Arbitration, in which all of the demands of the plaintiff were denied. A procedure for the recognition of the decision of the International Court of Arbitration before the Spanish court is underway, due to execution.

b) Provisions

	2021 (000) MKD	2020 (000) MKD
Balance as at 1 January	193,956	153,520
Provision for court litigations through balance sheet	-	2,282
Provision for court litigations through income statement	66,532	57,285
Paid amount	(1,343)	(17,292)
Released provision for court litigations through balance sheet	(167)	(509)
Released provision for court litigations through income statement	(49,915)	(1,330)
Balance as at 31 December	209,063	193,956

b) guarantees

The Enterprise has given bank guarantees in the total amount of 6,407 thousand MKD with maturity no later than August 2022 which are given for the necessary expropriation procedures.

30. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Government of the Republic of North Macedonia is the sole owner of the Public Enterprise for State Roads-Skopje. The PE for State Roads does not enter into specific transactions with the Government of the Republic of North Macedonia. In 2021, with a government decision, from the Budget of the Republic of North Macedonia, 72,205 thousand MKD were approved for the PE for State Roads in order free paytoll cards to be provided to Serbian nationals as part of the COVID crisis management program.

30. POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

The global pandemic caused by the new coronavirus (COVID 19), which was declared by the WHO in March 2020, continued during 2021, with a significant number of cases. Measures taken by the government to prevent the spread of the virus have greatly affected economic activity.

Management has taken measures to monitor and mitigate the effects of COVID 19, including measures for safety and health protection of employees and believes that the pandemic has an impact on the Enterprise's operations and results, but not on the Enterprise's liquidity and solvency.

Given the fact that the pandemic is not over yet, based on past experience, management considers that in the future the pandemic will have an impact on operations, results, but not on the liquidity and solvency of the Company (notes 2.6 and 2.7). The impact at this time is not practical to assess given that the development of events is extremely unpredictable, and also can not predict the measures of health and economic nature, which would be adopted by the authorities or regulatory bodies, to mitigate the effects of the pandemic .